

One of the most exciting potential results of their finding could be design of  $\beta$ -peptide drugs. "There is growing interest in proteins as drugs," said Schepartz. "And although certain proteins are very effective pharmaceuticals, protein drugs generally suffer from storage and stability problems outside the body and from degradation inside the body.  $\beta$ -peptides may be more stable than traditional protein drugs and would not be recognized by the proteases that destroy proteins in the cell."

Schepartz said their discovery that the  $\beta$ -peptide Zwit1-F structurally resembles natural peptides raises a thorny biological question: Why don't  $\beta$ -peptide proteins exist in nature? "Certain  $\beta$ -amino acids are naturally synthesized in cells, and they are even loaded onto transfer RNA molecules that carry the amino acid components to the protein-making machinery of the cell, the ribosome," she noted. "But to my knowledge, there are no ribosomally constructed proteins that contain  $\beta$ -amino acids," she said.

"The most provocative finding of this paper is that  $\beta$ -amino acids were not avoided as the building blocks of proteins because they cannot assemble into complex structures," she said. "We've shown that clearly they can."

Jack Szostak, an HHMI investigator at Harvard Medical School who studies the origin of function of nucleic acid and peptide molecules, commented: "This paper shows that protein-like folded structures can be formed by molecules that are protein-like but have chemically distinct backbones. This is conceptually similar to recent demonstrations by Eschenmoser, Herdewijn, Benner, etc., that many nucleic acids that are chemically distinct from RNA and DNA can still form base-paired duplexes. In both cases, the implication is that biology uses its standard macromolecules not because they are uniquely suited to their tasks, but at least in part because of other considerations, such as ease of synthesis, or possibly historical accident."

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The original version can be found at: http://www.hhmi.org/news/schepartz20070206.html

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